

3

$\bar{3} \otimes 3 = 8 \oplus 1$

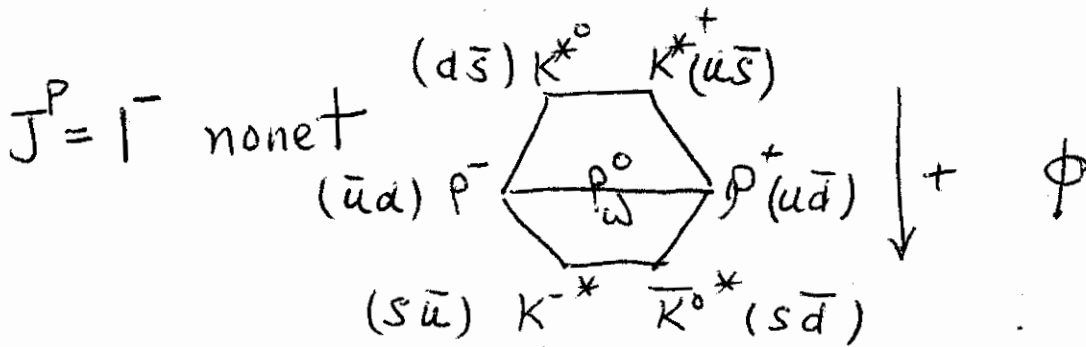
triplet  
 $\rho^0, \pi^0 = \frac{u\bar{u} - d\bar{d}}{\sqrt{2}}$

octet  
 $\eta, \omega_8 = \frac{u\bar{u} + d\bar{d} - 2s\bar{s}}{\sqrt{6}}$

singlet  
 $\omega_1 = \frac{u\bar{u} + d\bar{d} + s\bar{s}}{\sqrt{3}}$

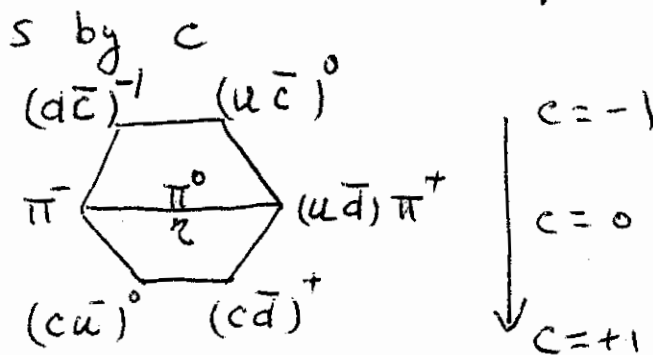
mass eigenstates  
 mass mixing  $\rightarrow \rho^0, \omega = \frac{u\bar{u} + d\bar{d}}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\phi = s\bar{s}$



Replace s by b,  $\rightarrow$  B family

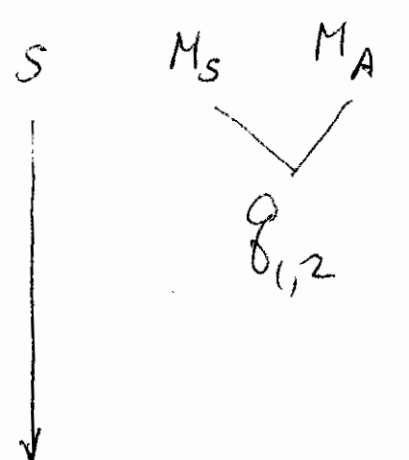
13)





Spin

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 & \frac{1}{2} & & \frac{1}{2} & & 1 & 0 & & \frac{1}{2} \\
 & \textcircled{2} & \otimes & \textcircled{2} & \otimes & \textcircled{3} & \oplus & \textcircled{1} & \otimes & 2 \\
 & \frac{3}{2} & & \frac{1}{2} & & \frac{1}{2} & S & A & & \\
 = & 4 & \oplus & 2 & \oplus & 2 & & & & 
 \end{array}$$

$S$                    $M_S$            $M_A$   
  
 $\sigma_{1,2}$

$$\chi(S) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} [ \uparrow\uparrow\downarrow + (\uparrow\downarrow + \downarrow\uparrow)\uparrow ]$$

$$\chi(M_A) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\uparrow\downarrow - \downarrow\uparrow)\uparrow$$

$$\chi(M_S) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} [ (\uparrow\downarrow + \downarrow\uparrow)\uparrow - 2\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow ]$$

Combine

	flavor			
	10	8	8	1
	S	M <sub>S</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>	A

	spin		
	4	2	2
	S	M <sub>S</sub>	M <sub>A</sub>

symmetric decuplets

octet

(S, S) + [(M<sub>S</sub>, M<sub>S</sub>) + M<sub>A</sub>, M<sub>A</sub>)]  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

S = 3/2

S: (10, 4) + (8, 2)

M<sub>S</sub>: (10, 2) + (8, 4)  
 + (8, 2) + (1, 2)

M<sub>A</sub>: (10, 2) + (8, 4) + (8, 2) + (1, 2)

A: (1, 4) + (8, 2)

A,

Isospin spin

$\Delta^+$   $\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$  ∴ symmetric

∴ color =  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}$  (RGB + - + -) anti-sym

$|p \uparrow\rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} [P_S \chi(M_S) + P_A \chi(M_A)]$   
 = (2, 71)

$|n \uparrow\rangle$  d z u

2.12

mag. dipole  $\mu_i = Q_i \frac{e}{2m_i}$

$$\mu_p = \sum_1^3 |PT\rangle \mu_i(\sigma_3) |PT\rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}(4\mu_u - \mu_d)$$

$$\mu_n = \frac{1}{3}(4\mu_d - \mu_u)$$

$$\mu_u \sim -2\mu_d$$

$$\frac{\mu_n}{\mu_p} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

Ground-state mass

$$m(\bar{q}q) = m_1 + m_2 + a \left( \frac{\vec{\sigma}_1 \cdot \vec{\sigma}_2}{m_1 m_2} \right) + S \cdot L + \dots$$

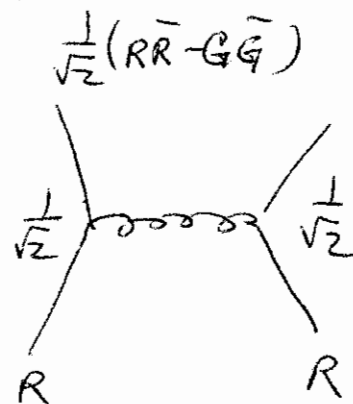
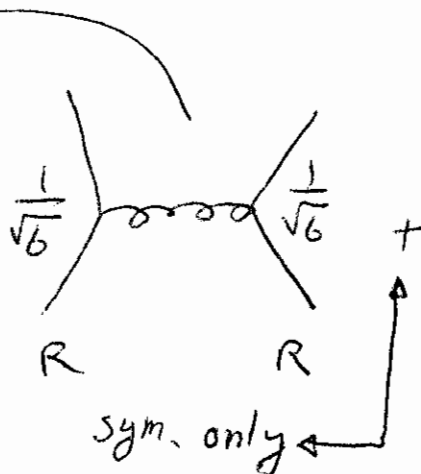
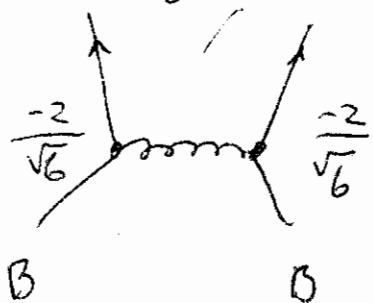
$$m(qqq) = \sum_i^3 m_i + \frac{a'}{2} \sum_{i>j} \left( \frac{\vec{\sigma}_i \cdot \vec{\sigma}_j}{m_i m_j} \right) +$$

$$\sigma_1 \cdot \sigma_2 = \frac{(\sigma_1 + \sigma_2)^2 - \sigma_1^2 - \sigma_2^2}{2}$$

# 2.15 color factor

a) QQ of same color :

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(R\bar{R} + G\bar{G} - 2B\bar{B})$$



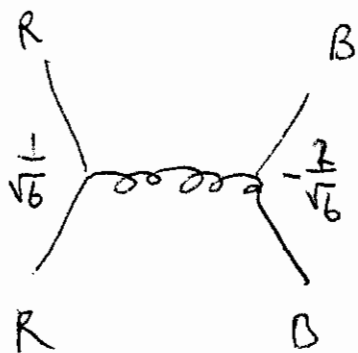
$$= \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

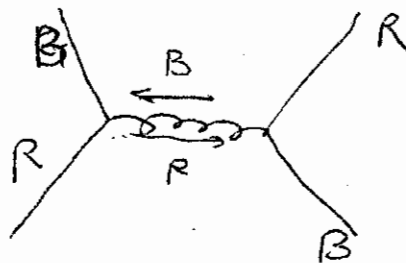
repulsive

independent of color

b) QQ of diff. color :



+

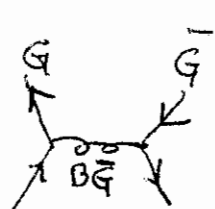
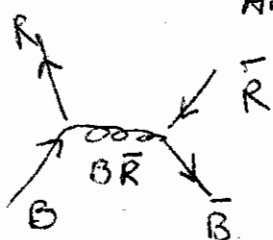
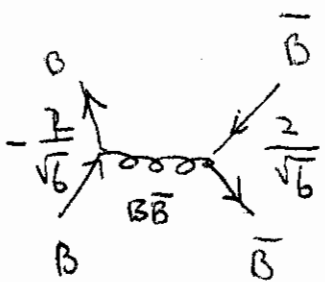


$$\frac{-2}{6}$$

⊕ - sym

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

Inside P  
Attractive



$$\left( -\frac{4}{3} \right)$$

Inside meson

$$\text{18) } -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$-1$$

$$-1$$

$$= -\frac{4}{3}$$

"