

# Bernoulli/Area Estimation Summary

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2.086: Unit II  
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# Estimation of $\theta$ (A Coin)

A realization:

unknown  $\theta$ , given a coin

draw  $b_1, b_2, \dots, b_n$  (flip coin  $n$  times),

calculate estimate (sample mean)

$$\hat{\theta}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n b_j \quad (\text{fraction heads});$$

calculate confidence interval for  $\theta$ ,

$$[ci]_{\theta;n} = \left[ \hat{\theta}_n - z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\hat{\theta}_n(1-\hat{\theta}_n)}{n}}, \hat{\theta}_n + z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\hat{\theta}_n(1-\hat{\theta}_n)}{n}} \right].$$

Some details:

$\gamma$  (confidence level)  $\rightarrow z_\gamma$

$\gamma$	$z_\gamma$
0.8	1.28
0.95	1.96
1	$\infty$

check  $n\hat{\theta}_n > 5$ ,  $n(1 - \hat{\theta}_n) > 5$  (normal approximation).

Frequentist interpretation:

demo

If perform  $n_{\text{exp}}$  ( $\rightarrow \infty$ ) realizations

$n$  flips  $\rightarrow \hat{\theta}_n$  performed  $n_{\text{exp}}$  times ,  
  
one realization  
 $n_{\text{exp}}$  realizations

then in a fraction  $\gamma$  of these  $n_{\text{exp}}$  realizations

$\theta$  is inside the interval  $[ci]_{\theta;n}$  .

Error measures:

with confidence  $\gamma$

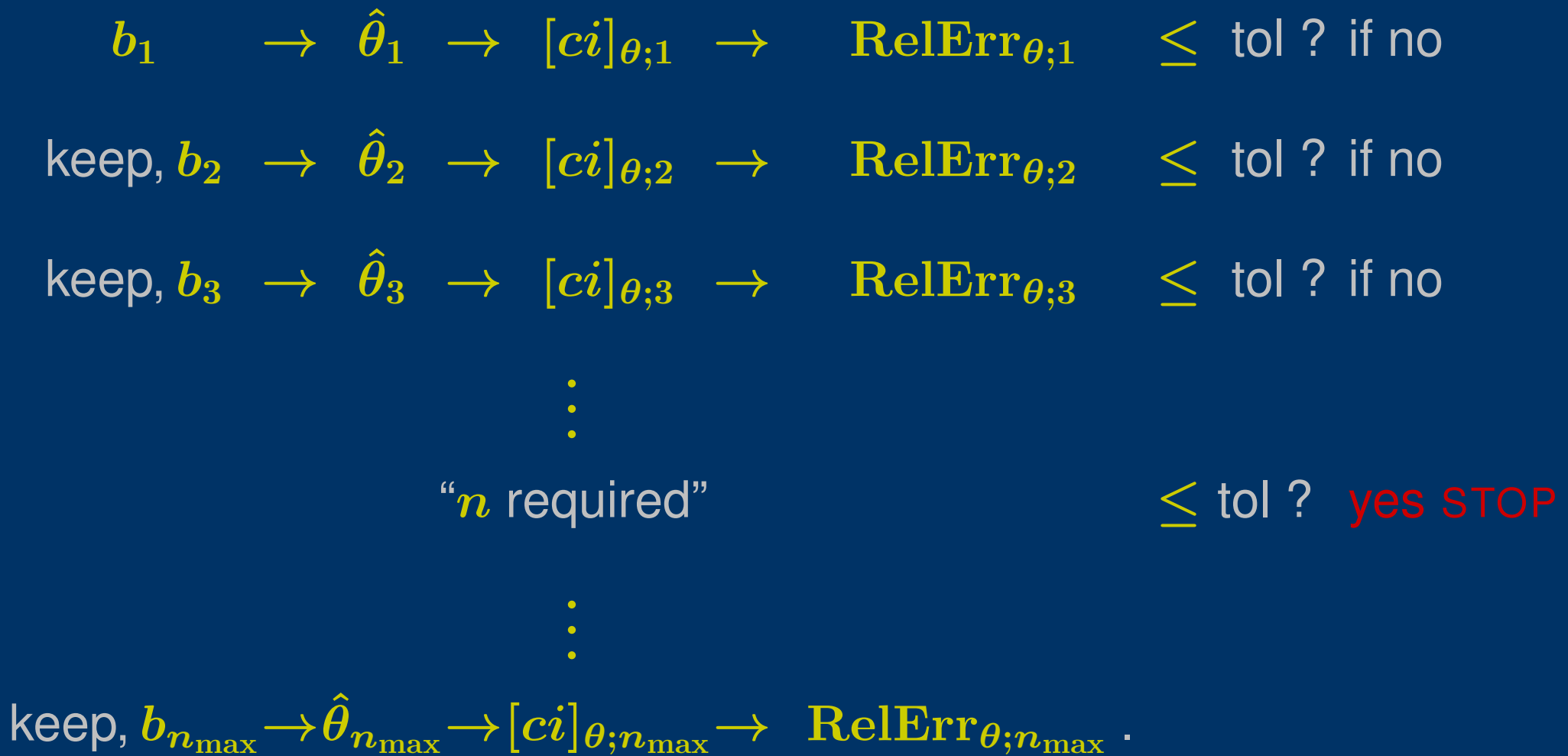
$$|\theta - \hat{\theta}_n| \leq z_\gamma \underbrace{\sqrt{\frac{\hat{\theta}_n(1 - \hat{\theta}_n)}{n}}}_{\text{estimate for standard deviation of } \hat{\Theta}_n} \equiv \text{Half Length}_{\theta;n},$$

NOTE:  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$  (binomial);  $z_\gamma$ .

$$\frac{|\theta - \hat{\theta}_n|}{\hat{\theta}_n} \leq z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{(1 - \hat{\theta}_n)}{n \hat{\theta}_n}} \equiv \text{RelErr}_{\theta;n},$$

NOTE:  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\hat{\theta}_n}}$ .

## Cumulative sample means (Section 10.3):



## Estimation of Area ( $A_D$ )



A realization:

or cumulative

throw darts  $(x_1, x_2)_1, \dots, (x_1, x_2)_n$  uniform over  $R$ ;

evaluate Bernoulli  $b_j$   $\theta = A_D/A_R$

$$b_j = \begin{cases} 0 & (x_1, x_2)_j \text{ not in } D \\ 1 & (x_1, x_2)_j \text{ in } D \end{cases} ;$$

calculate estimate for  $\theta, A_D$

$$\hat{\theta}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n b_j \quad \Rightarrow \quad (\hat{A}_D)_n = A_R \hat{\theta}_n ;$$

A realization (cont'd):

confidence level  $\gamma$

calculate  $[ci]_{A_D;n}$  for  $A_D$

$$\left[ \underbrace{A_R \cdot \left( \hat{\theta}_n - z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\hat{\theta}_n(1-\hat{\theta}_n)}{n}} \right)}_{\text{lower bound}}, \underbrace{A_R \cdot \left( \hat{\theta}_n + z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\hat{\theta}_n(1-\hat{\theta}_n)}{n}} \right)}_{\text{upper bound}} \right]$$

Note: only require “in  $D$  vs. not in  $D$ ” decision.

Error measures:

$$|A_D - (\hat{A}_D)_n| \leq A_R \cdot z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{\hat{\theta}_n(1 - \hat{\theta}_n)}{n}}$$

$\equiv$  Half Length $_{A_D;n}$  ;

$$\frac{|A_D - (\hat{A}_D)_n|}{(\hat{A}_D)_n} \leq z_\gamma \sqrt{\frac{(1 - \hat{\theta}_n)}{n \hat{\theta}_n}}$$

$\equiv$  RelErr $_{A_D;n}$  .

Note:  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\hat{\theta}_n}} \approx \sqrt{\frac{1}{\theta}} = \sqrt{\frac{A_R}{A_D}}$  .

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