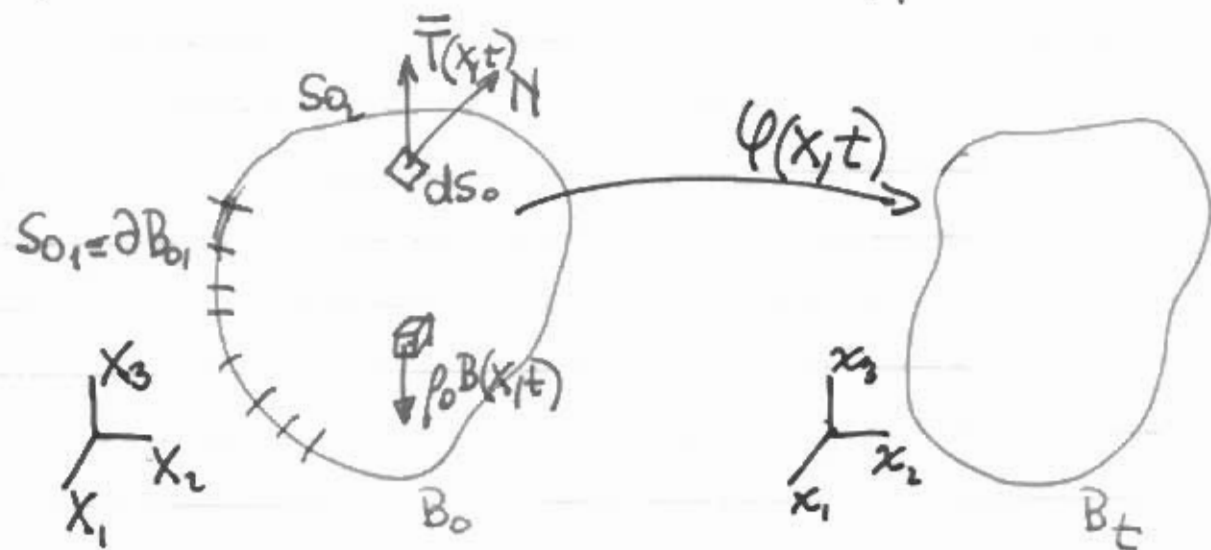


Time dependent problems

- 1) Nonlinear elastodynamics (hyperbolic)
- 2) Nonlinear heat conduction (parabolic)



Initial Boundary value problem (IBVP)

$$\rho_{iI,I} + \rho_0 B_i = \rho_0 A_i \quad \text{in } B_0$$

$$\text{B.C.} \begin{cases} \varphi_i = \bar{\varphi}_i(x, t) & \text{on } S_{01} \\ \rho_{iI} N_I = \bar{T}_i(x, t) & \text{on } S_{02} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{I.C.} \begin{cases} \varphi(x, 0) = \varphi_0(x) \\ v(x, 0) = v_0(x) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} v(x, t) = \varphi_{,t}(x, t) = \dot{\varphi} \\ A(x, t) = v_{,t}(x, t) = \ddot{\varphi} \end{cases}$$

Constitutive relations: $P = P(F, \dot{F})$

(Kelvin solid)

↑
damping
viscosity

Weak formulation: weighted residuals

$$\int_{B_0} [P_{iI,I} - \rho_0 (A_i - B_i)] \eta_i dV_0 = 0 \quad \forall \text{admissible } \eta_i$$

weak form:

$$\int_{B_0} [P_{iI} \eta_{i,I} + \rho_0 (A_i - B_i) \eta_i] dV - \int_{\partial B_0} \bar{T}_i \eta_i dS_0 = 0$$

\uparrow $P = P(F, \dot{F})$ \uparrow $\forall \eta$ admissible
 two differences

Finite element (semi) discretization

$$(\varphi_h)_i = \sum_{a=1}^N x_{ia}(t) N_a(X) = \sum_{e=1}^E \sum_{a=1}^n x_{ia}^e(t) N_a^e(X)$$

global shape
functions

Introduce some interpolation for material velocity and acceleration fields:

$$\begin{cases} (V_h)_i(X,t) = \sum_{a=1}^N \dot{x}_{ia}(t) N_a(X) \\ (A_h)_i(X,t) = \sum_{a=1}^N \ddot{x}_{ia}(t) N_a(X) \end{cases}$$

Insert into weak form of linear momentum balance:

$$\begin{cases} M \ddot{x} + f^{int}(x, \dot{x}) = f^{ext}(t) \\ x(0) = x_0 \\ \dot{x}(0) = v_0 \end{cases}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} M_{iakb} &= \int_{B_0} \rho_0 N_a N_b \delta_{ik} dV_0 \\ &= \sum_{e=1}^E \int_{\Omega_0^e} \rho_0 N_a^e N_b^e \delta_{ik} dV_0 \end{aligned}$$

CONSISTENT
MASS
MATRIX

and

$$f_{ia}^{int} = \sum_{e=1}^E \int_{\Omega_0^e} P_{iI} N_{a,I}^e dV_0$$

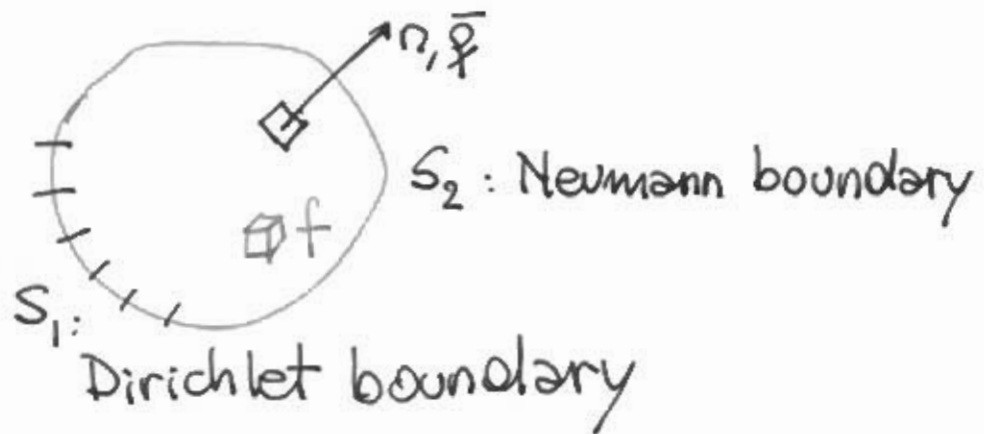
INTERNAL
FORCES

$$f_{\text{tra}}^{\text{ext}} = \sum_{e=1}^E \left\{ \int_{\Omega_0^e} \rho_0 \mathbf{B} : \mathbf{N}_a \, dV_0 + \int_{S_{a_2} \cap \partial \Omega_0^e} \bar{\mathbf{T}}_i \mathbf{N}_a \, dS_0 \right\}$$

2) Nonlinear heat conduction

Rigid conductor, energy balance equation:

$$\begin{cases} \rho c(\theta) \theta_{,t} = q_{i,i} + f & \text{in } B \\ \theta = \bar{\theta} & \text{on } S_1 \\ q_i n_i = \bar{q} & \text{on } S_2 \end{cases}$$



- ρ : mass density
- c : heat capacity
- θ : temperature
- q_i : heat flux
- f : heat sources